

Managing Soybeans to Make Cover Crops Work

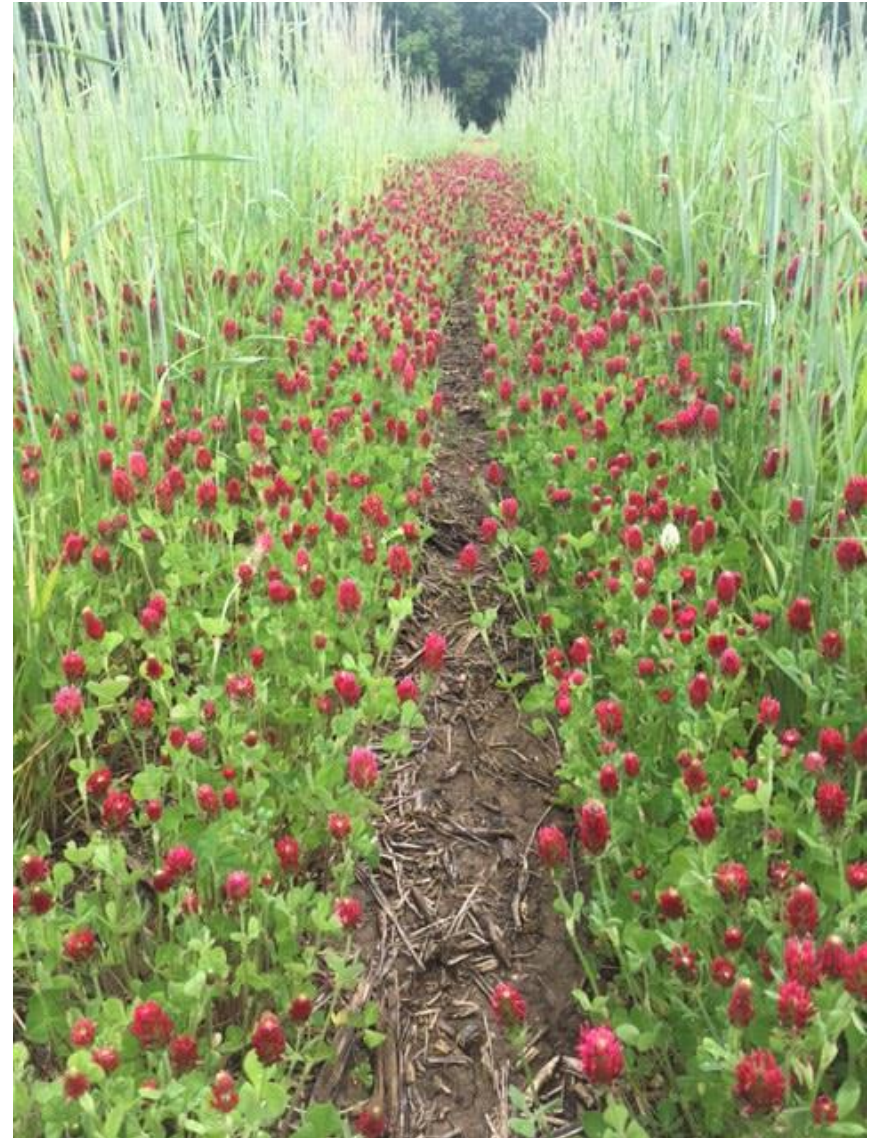


The TAKE HOME Message

- Cover Crop Success requires a “Systems Approach”
- **Many (most) failures/challenges come from managing the cover crop merely as additional INPUTS**
 - This is like switching from Conventional Tillage to No-Till without adjusting your planter...

Program contributions

- Emerson Nafziger
- Jake Vossenkemper
- Lowell Gentry
- Mike Plumer
- NREC
- Steve Ebelhar



The Shift to Early Planted Beans Presents Opportunities

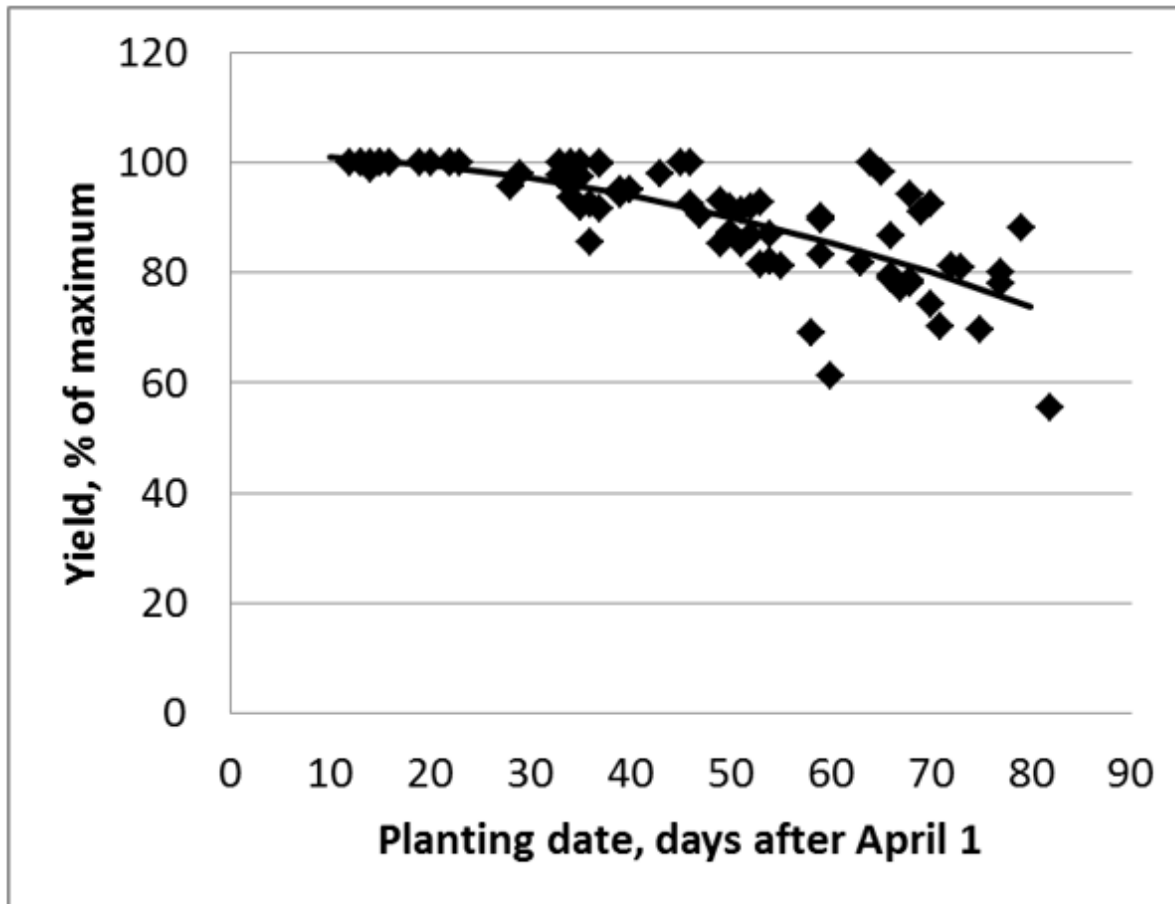
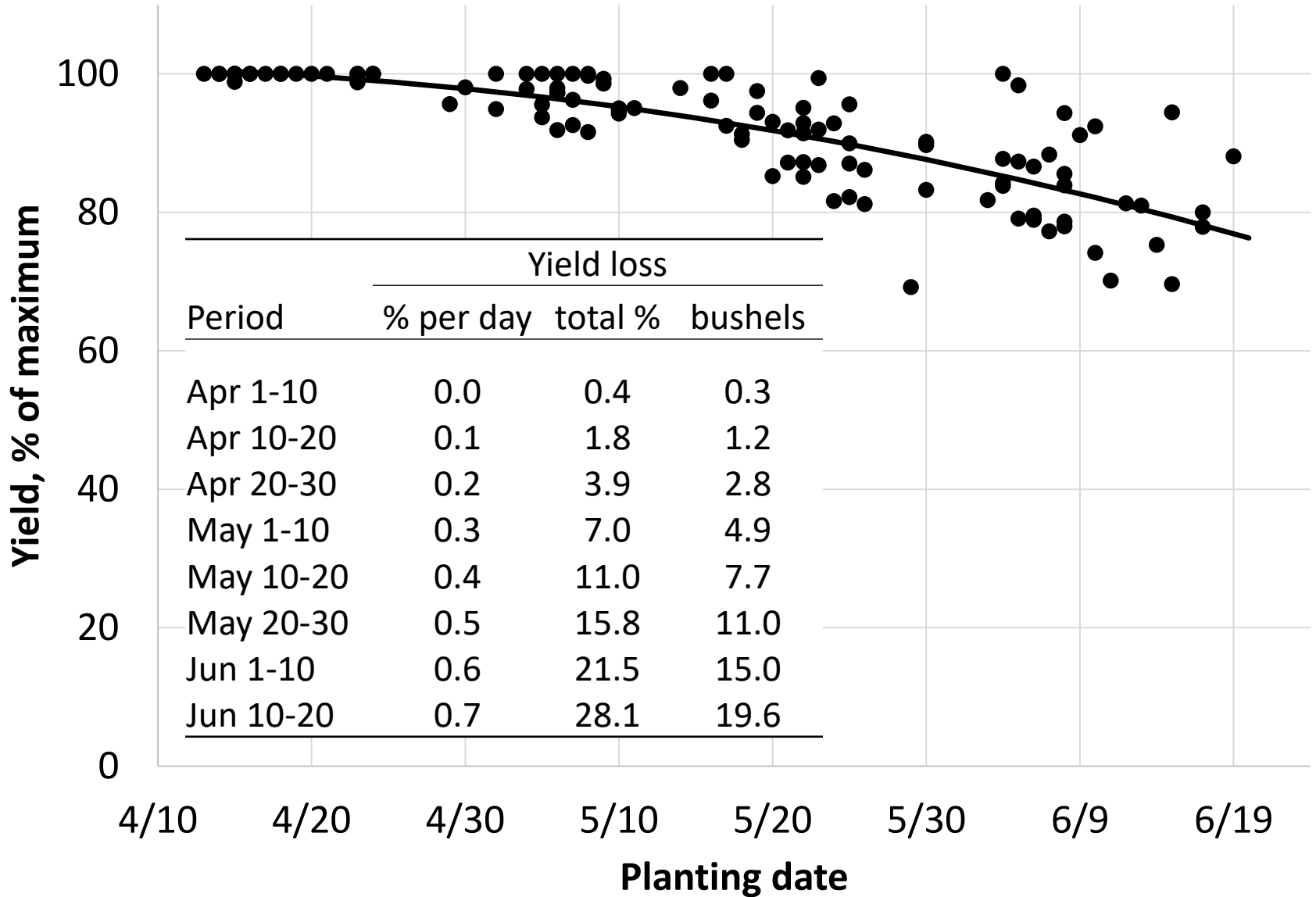


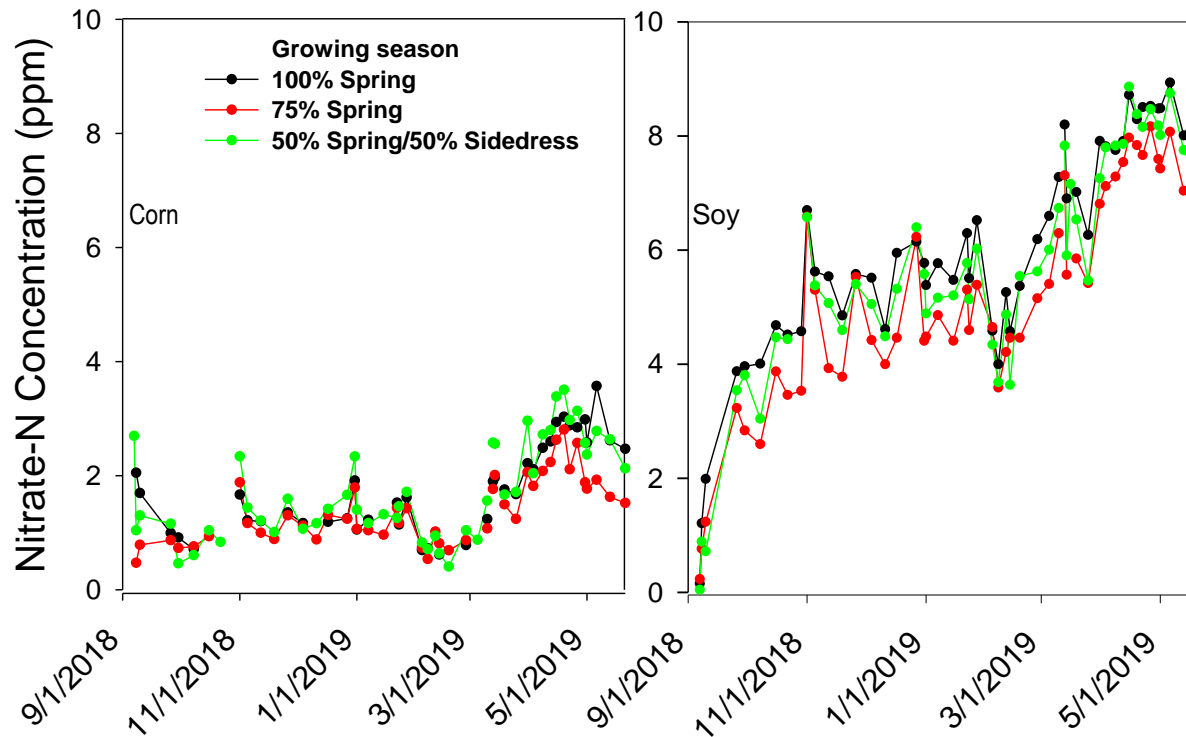
Figure 1. Soybean planting date response over 19 central and northern Illinois site-years, 2010-2014.

Soybean planting date response, 29 Illinois trials



Tile Nitrate Concentration

(Effect of previous crop)



Can a potential problem be converted into a potential opportunity?

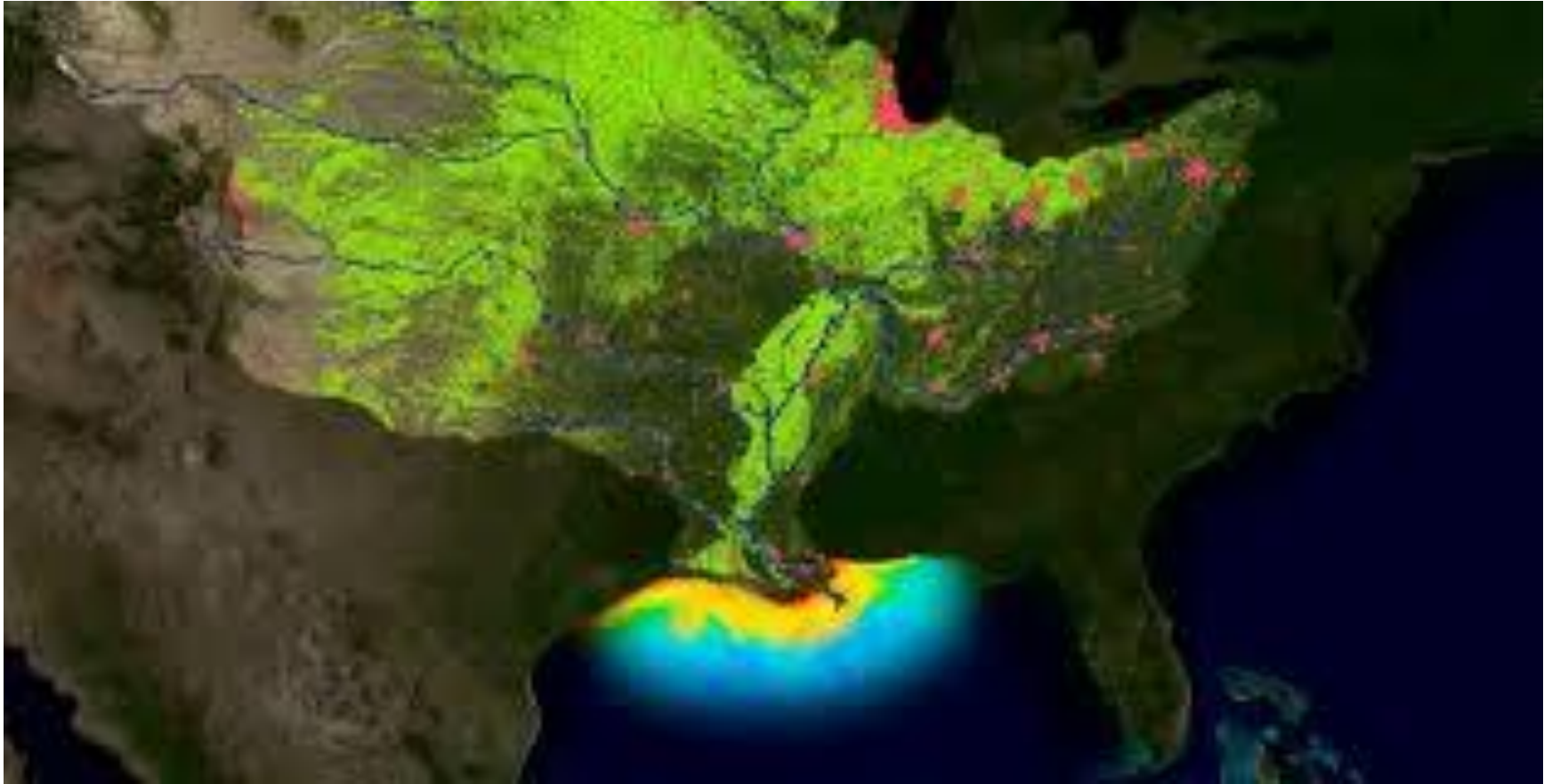


ILLINOIS

NUTRIENT LOSS REDUCTION STRATEGY

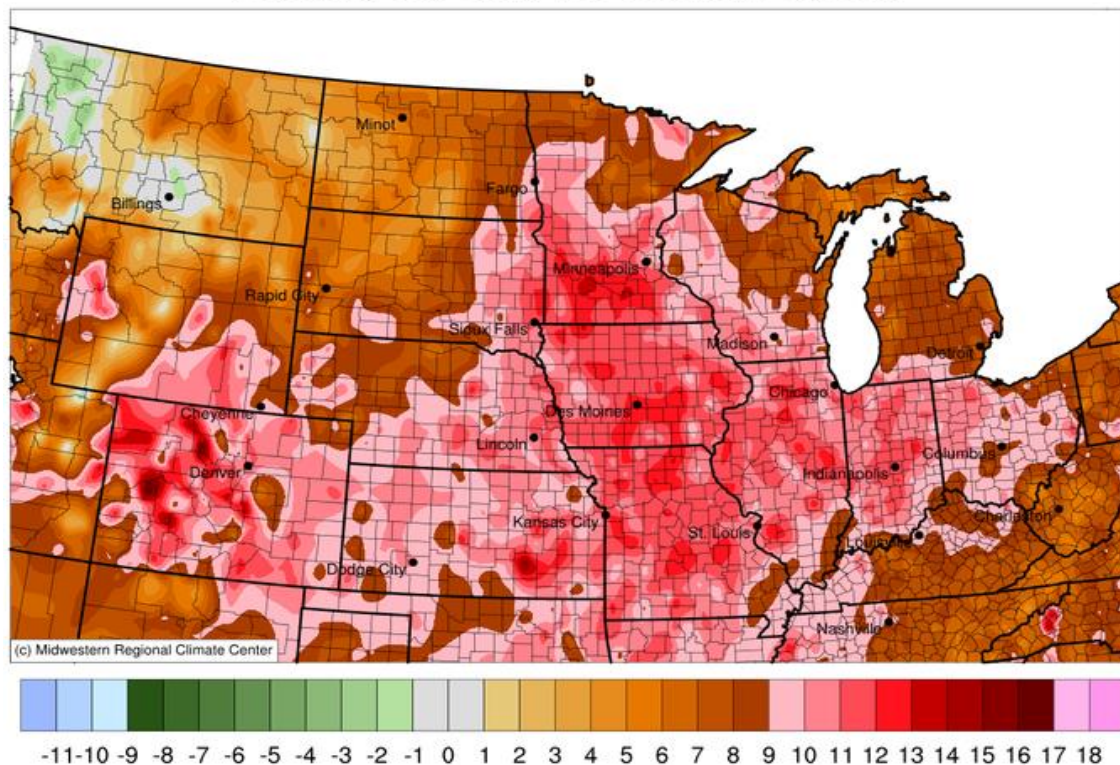


Gulf Hypoxia Zone



Warm winters are slowly mining our soil organic matter.

Average Temperature (°F): Departure from 1981-2010 Normals
February 01, 2017 to February 24, 2017

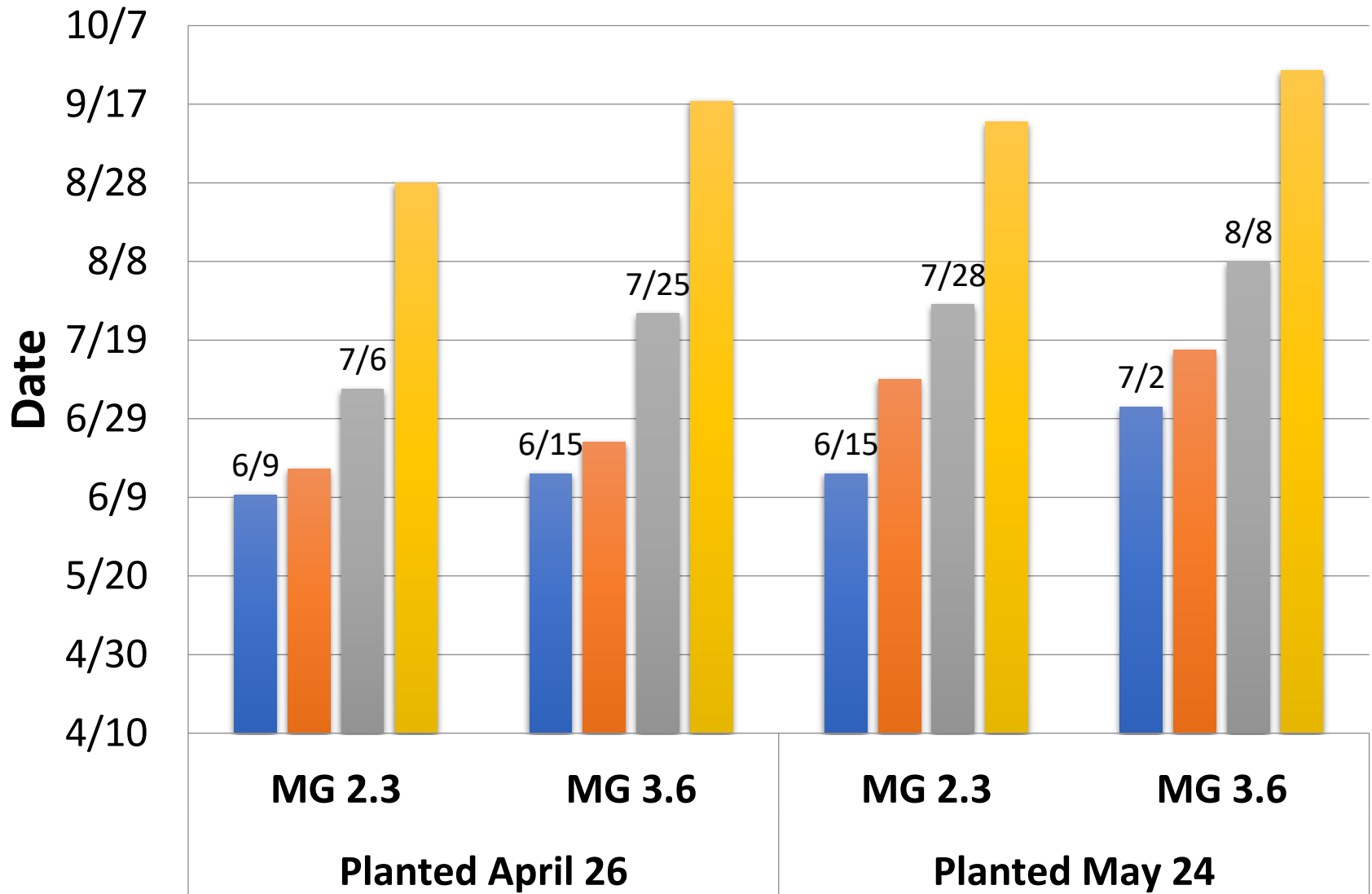


Advantages of Early Soybean Planting

- Potential for Higher yields
- Capitalize on adaptability of Soybean plant
- More efficient harvest season
- Early soybean harvest widens window for Cover Crop establishment
 - Improved winter survival
 - Potential for more diverse cover crop mix
 - More options for better cover crop system ahead of corn
- Reduce nutrient losses and keep them in play for following corn crop
- More...

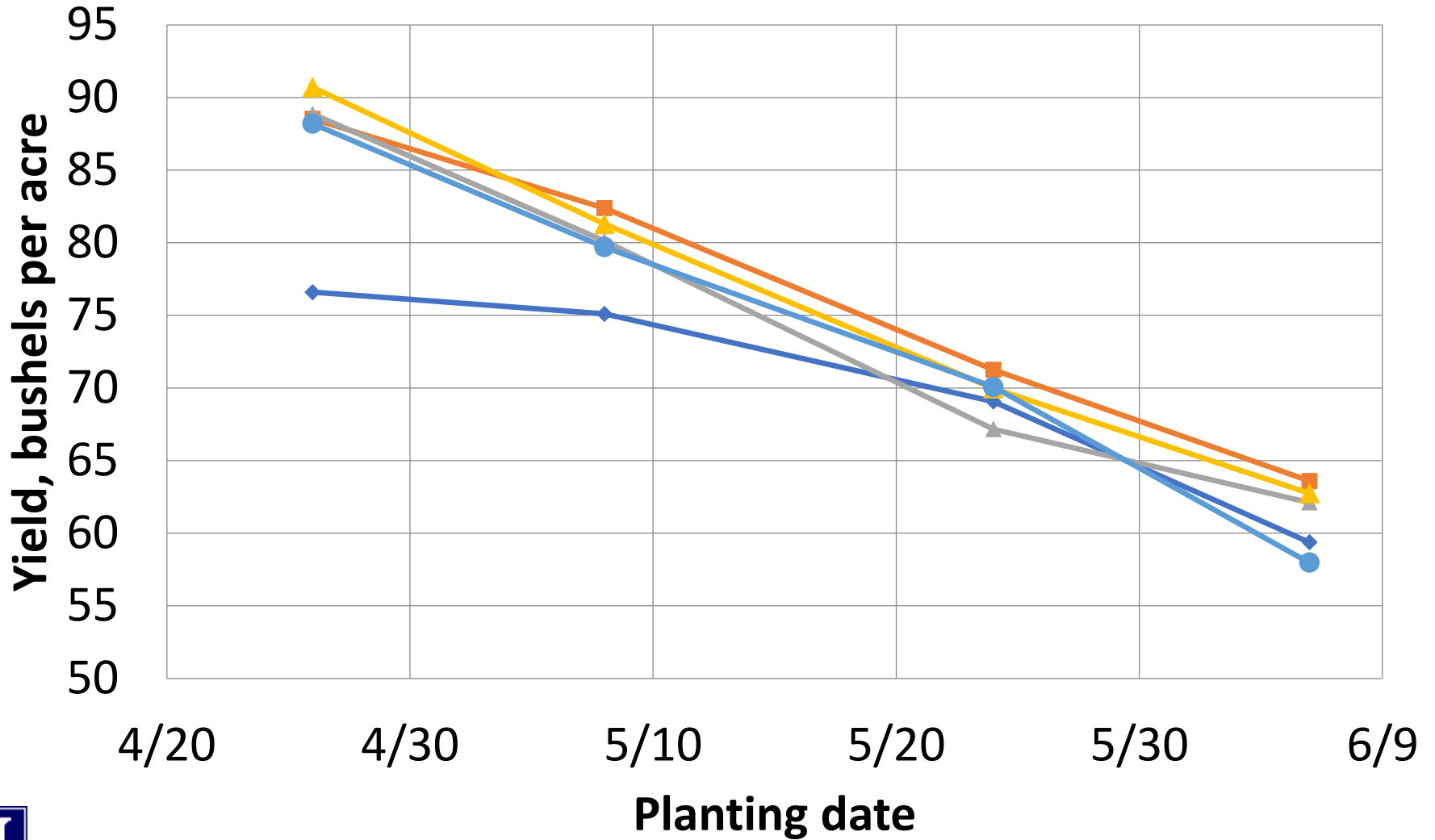
Soybean maturity x planting date, Urbana, 2018

■ 1st flower ■ 1st pod ■ start podfill ■ mature



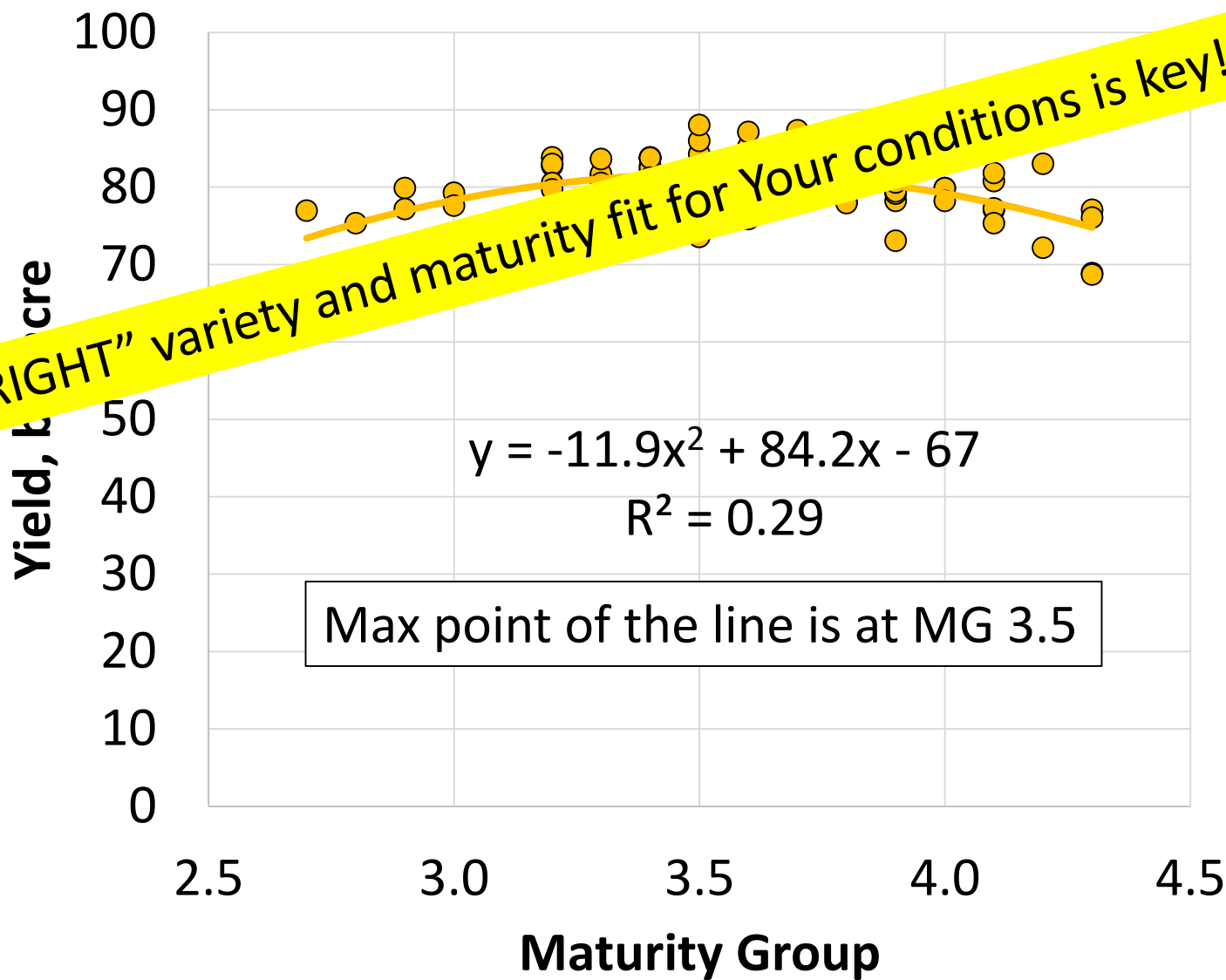
Soybean planting date x maturity, Urbana, 2018

MG 2.3 MG 2.6 MG 2.9 MG 3.2 MG 3.6



2018 UI variety trial, central IL

Maturity usually “explains” little of the yield difference among varieties, especially in the central MG range - (avg \pm 0.5)



A Better Cover Crop Fit



Don't steer while looking backwards, but a better understanding of why things are the way they are, can help us better evaluate plans to achieve further goals.



SOIL HEALTH

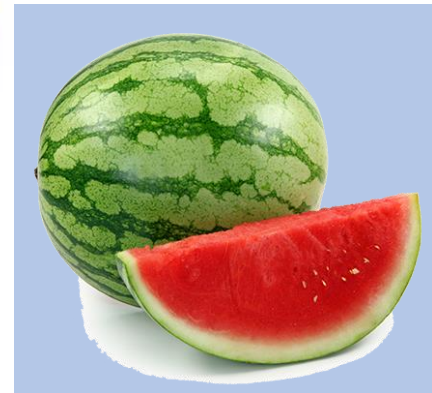
Causes of Cover Crop Failure

- Establishment Failure
 - Herbicide
 - Moisture
- Seed variety not well suited to the region
 - Don't plant VNS
 - Buy from a sources that “knows” their seed
- Nitrogen Management in Corn
- Not managing for the System

The Root of Modern Day Conservation Adoption Challenges?



Perception



Material	C:N Ratio
rye straw	82:1
wheat straw	80:1
oat straw	70:1
corn stover	57:1
rye cover crop (anthesis)	37:1
pea straw	29:1
rye cover crop (vegetative)	26:1
mature alfalfa hay	25:1
Ideal Microbial Diet	24:1
rotted barnyard manure	20:1
legume hay	17:1
beef manure	17:1
young alfalfa hay	13:1
hairy vetch cover crop	11:1
soil microbes (average)	8:1



Potential Benefits of Cover Crops

- **Erosion Control**
- **Improve Water Quality**
- Nitrogen Scavenger
- Soil Builder
- Weed control or suppression
- Grazing/forage
- Increase Soil Organic Matter
- Conserve Soil Moisture
- Wildlife habitat
- A Positive for overall SOIL HEALTH



Several Small Improvements Can Yield Substantial Benefits



Whether Chopping Or Distributing Residue, Do It Evenly

By Frank Lessiter posted on August 1, 2008 | Posted in [Residue Management](#), [Precision Ag](#)

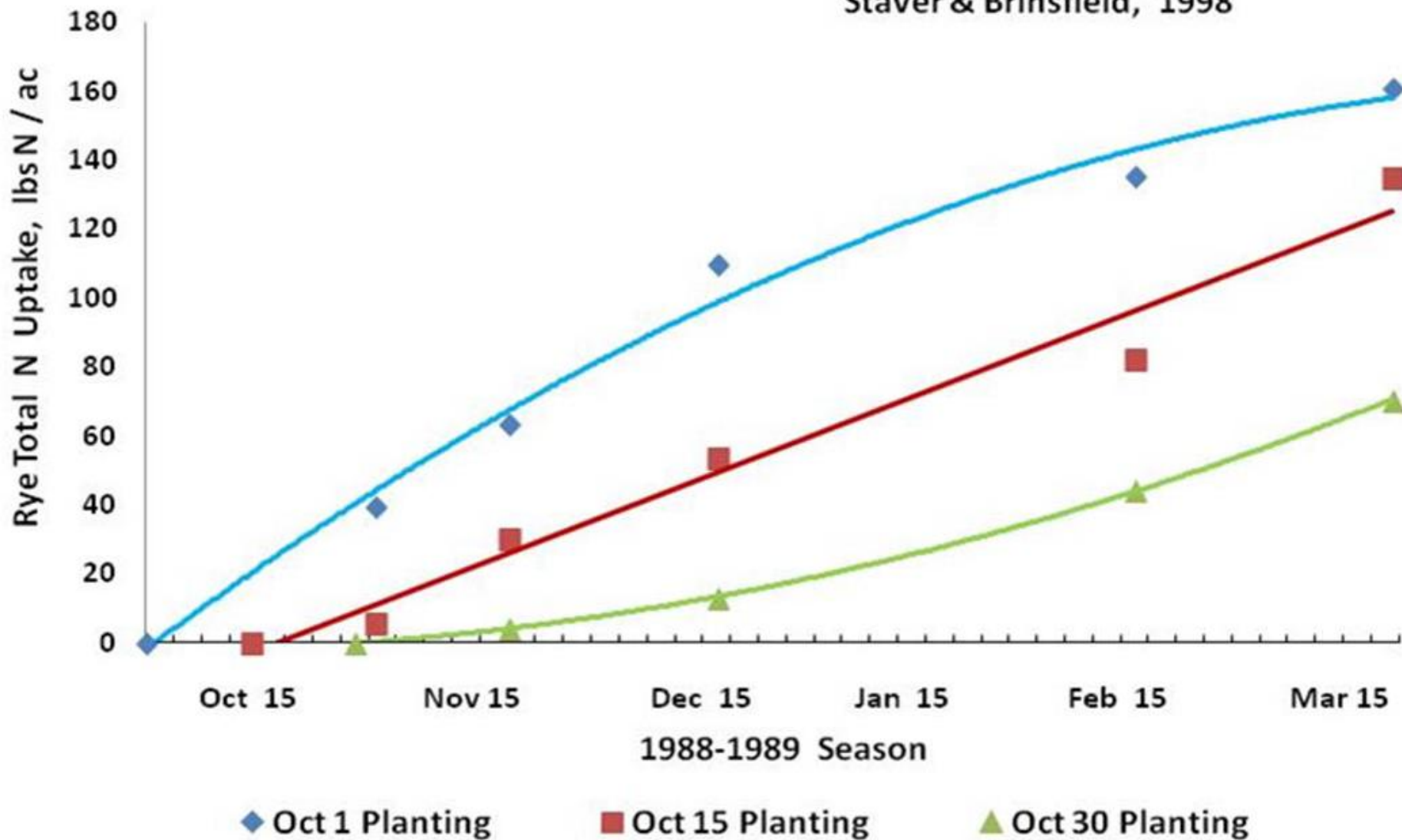


Cover Crop Management

- Adjust your Cover Crop Plan
 - Just like you adjust the planter/combine/sprayer
- Seeding Date
 - Do everything you can to get the cover crop planted/established as early as possible
 - The more development going into winter increases survivability And Potential Benefits

Rye Total N Uptake for Three Planting Dates

Staver & Brinsfield, 1998



Cover Crop Management

- Consider maturity of corn/soybean crops to maximize cover crop benefits
 - The move to earlier soybean planting date can play a huge role in potential cover crop successes in the following corn crop.
 - Yield bump for early SB planting?
 - SB have greater ability to adjust for stand loss
- Corn does better in warmer soils
 - Quicker emergence
 - More uniform stand
 - WATER is a bigger concern at pollination than HEAT
 - Cover crop systems can improve mid season water availability

Cover Crop Management

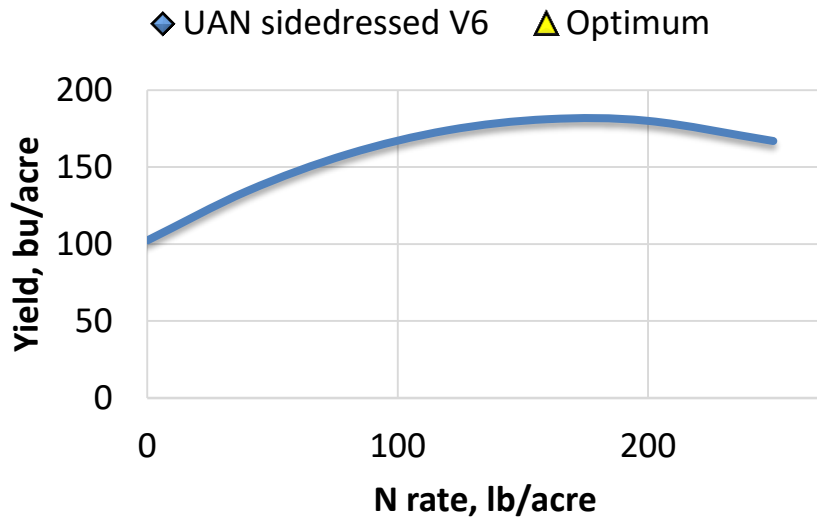
- What's in the Cover Crop Mix?
 - Each species has it's purpose
 - Always more synergism than antagonism in mixes
- Termination
 - Have a plan AND Flexibility
 - Early spring temps, moisture, likely planting date, FORECAST
 - Consider these factors more than calendar date!

Cover Crop Management

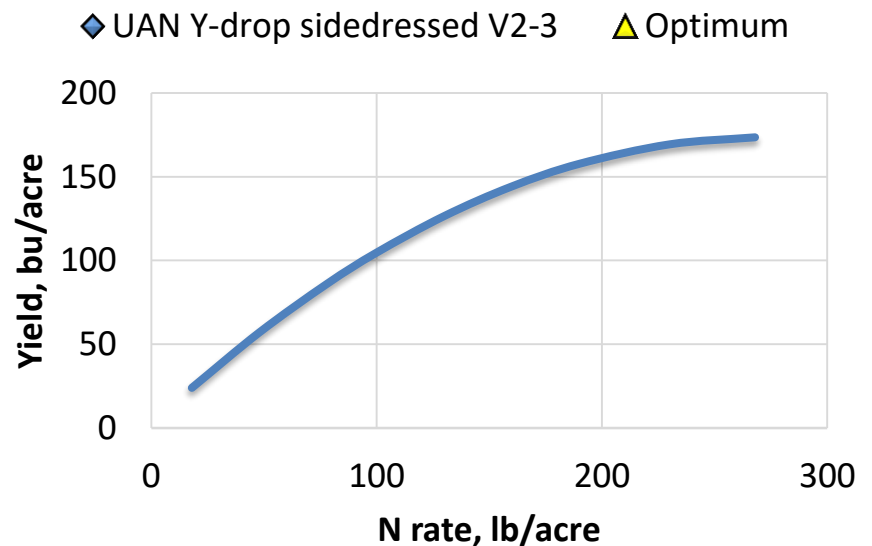
- Nitrogen Supply in Corn
 - Cover Crops will sequester early N
 - But it can be available later in season
 - How much N can cover crop supply?
 - Starter N very important
 - Planter applied probably best in most cases
 - In-furrow good but additional N needed soon after
 - 2x2 or Tube dropped UAN is a good bet
 - Advantage to N dropped at plant base in some years
 - This is true for conventional systems too when root growth is slow and N sidedressed in middle of row
- Take advantage of advances in Corn genetics

Nitrogen Supply from Cover Crop

Hamilton County Soy-Corn 2019



Williamson County Soy-Corn 2019



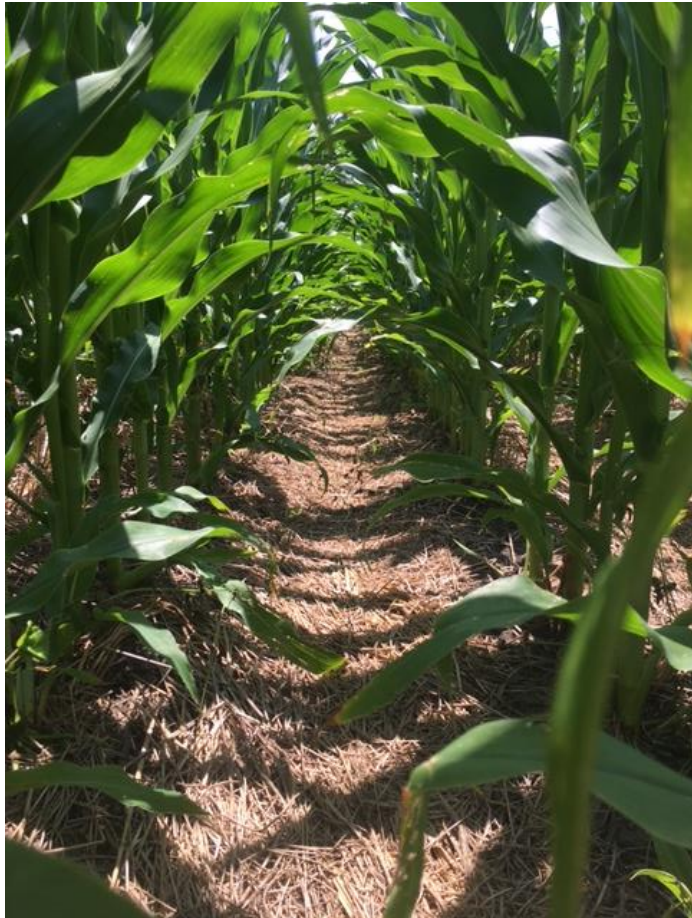
Several Options for Skip/Strip Systems



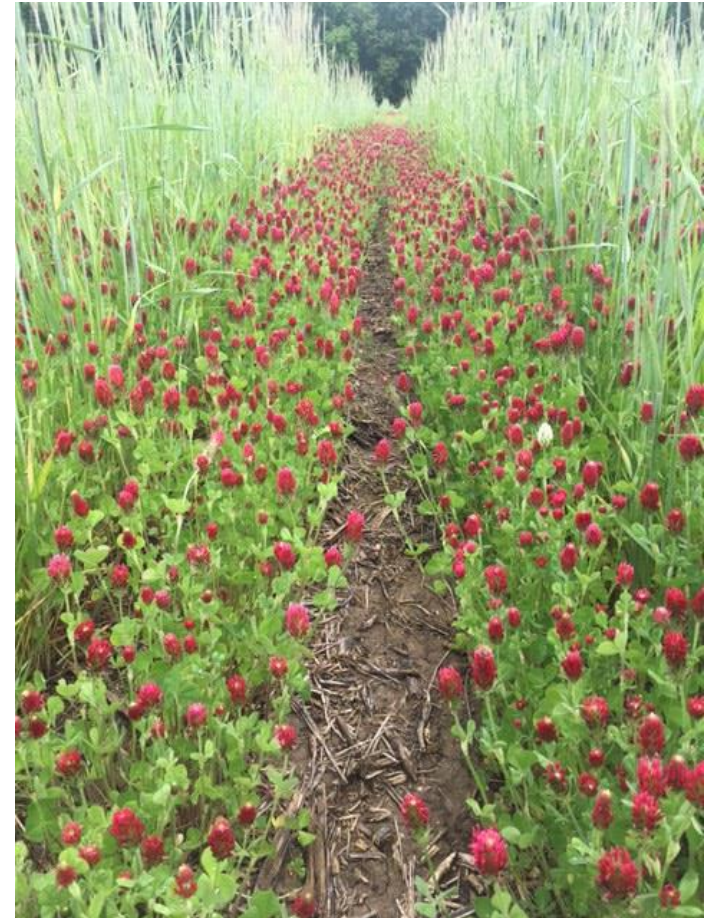
Manage the System, not the Input



Precision Planted Cover Crops 2018-19 Yield Summary



Junior Upton
John Pike



2018 Yields and Rank

2018					
Treatments	Row Cover/	By Row/	Row Middle/	Yield	Rank
1	CHECK	No cover	Crop	147.57	12
2	Radish	NO	Cereal Rye	197.85	1
3	Radish	Vetch	AR + CR + Vetch	192.80	3
4	Radish	NO	AR + CR + Vetch	185.16	5
5	E. Cabb (east)/Persian (west)	AR + CR + Vetch	AR + CR + Vetch	169.13	9
6	Oat	Crimson	AR + CR + Crimson	171.47	8
7	Crimson	Crimson	AR + CR + Crimson	185.81	4
8	NO	Balansa (L165-16-521)	AR + CR + Crimson	193.64	2
9	Crimson + Radish	Crimson + Radish	AR + CR + Crimson	173.70	7
10	Cereal Rye	Cereal Rye	Cereal Rye	163.85	10
11	NO	Annual Ryegrass	Annual Ryegrass	179.17	6
12	E. Cabb + Rape	Crimson	AR + CR + Crimson	163.42	11

2019 Solid Drilled Grass Cover Crop with N Management

2019 Solid Grass Cover Crops

			Yields
Cereal Rye Drilled	Cereal Rye	Cereal Rye	272.26
Bounty ARG	Bounty ARG	Bounty ARG	236.79
Lowboy ARG	Lowboy ARG	Lowboy ARG	245.56

- Early burndown
- In-furrow pop-up fertilizer
- Early sidedress
 - Injected UAN 180#
 - Applied V1-2 (7 days after planting)
 - 8" off row, not in middle of row

2 Year Averages

- Check (No Cover Crop soybean stubble)
 - **166.21** bu./ac.
 - Early standard burndown
 - Other treatments planted into green cover crop
- Crimson Clover Treatments
 - **190.76** bu./ac.
- Hairy Vetch Treatments
 - **213.98** bu./ac.

- Check
 - **166.21** bu./ac.
- Winter Term. Cover on row
 - **191.94** bu./ac.
 - Some advantage seen with winter terminated row cover in Vetch treatments
- No cover on row
 - **211.02** bu./ac.
- Crimson Clover on row
 - **179.31** bu./ac.

Crimson Clover Plots



Hairy Vetch Plots



Green covers near row help to dry soil in planting “zones”

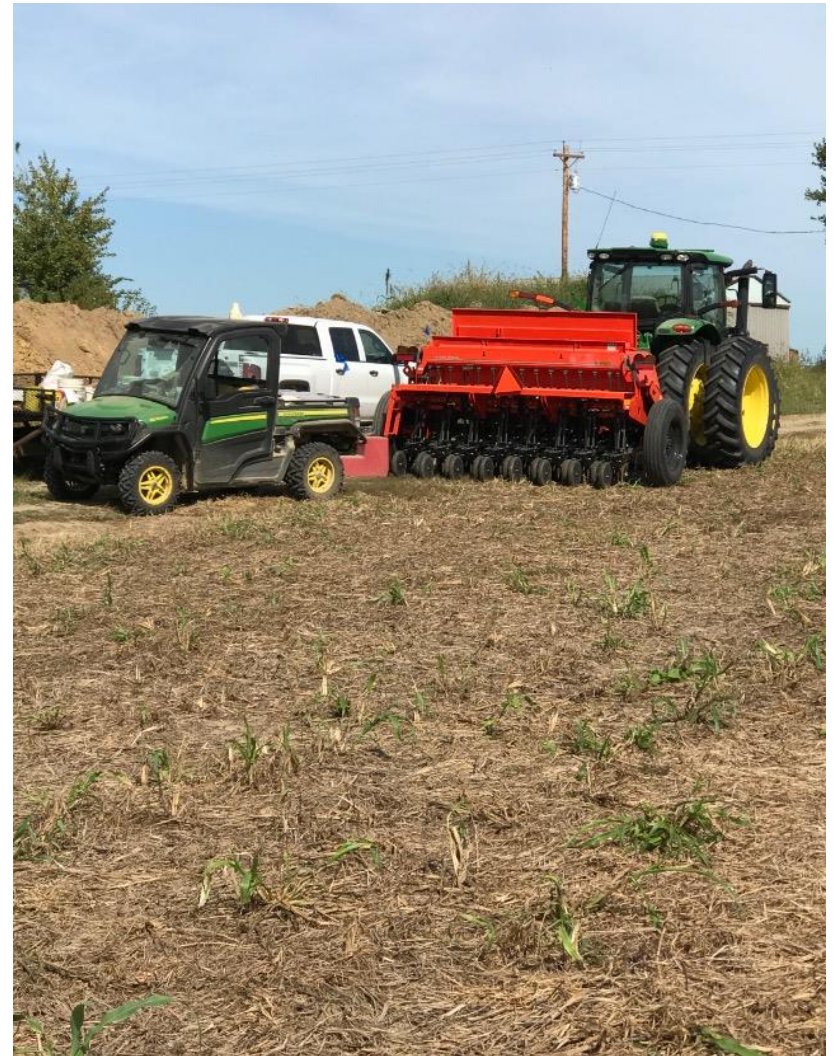


2019 Planting Corn June 3



Planting 2020 Plot

- Replicated field length strip plots replace small plots
- Planted with commercial drill, instead of small plot drill.



Have a Safe and Profitable 2020!

